

STABLE ENVELOPES : Part 1

Recap: $\text{Stab}_e : H_T(X^A) \rightarrow H_T(X)$

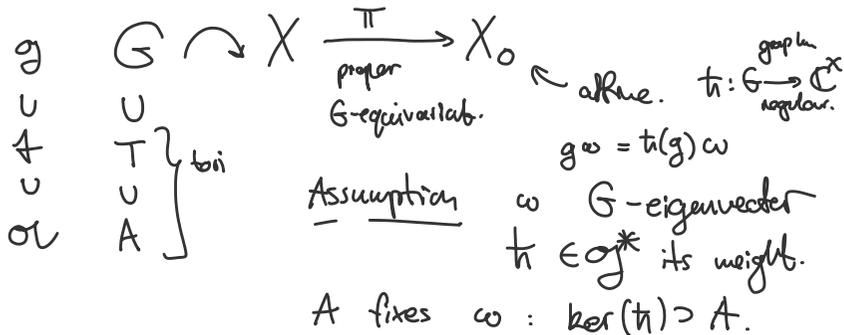
upshot: $R_{e_2, e_1} := \text{Stab}_{e_2}^{-1} \circ \text{Stab}_{e_1} \in \text{End}(H_T(X^A))$

- Plan
- ① Setup
 - ② Chambers and attracting loci
 - ③ Order and full attracting loci
 - ④ Definition of stable envelopes.

T^*P^1

① Setup

X smooth quasi projective / \mathbb{C}
 $\omega \in H^0(\Omega_X^2)$ nondegen, closed.



$X^A \subset X$ fixed locus.

② Chambers and attracting sets

$\dots \rightsquigarrow \text{rk}(A)$

Example T^*P^1

$T = \mathbb{C}_u^* \times \mathbb{C}_h^*$
 $=: A \rightsquigarrow T^*P^1 \simeq A$

$A \simeq P^1$ $[x:y] = [tx:\gamma y]$

$\mathbb{C}_h^* \simeq T^*P^1$ by scaling fibers by \mathfrak{h}

$(T^*P^1)^A = \left\{ \begin{matrix} 0, \infty \\ \parallel \\ [0:1], [1:0] \end{matrix} \right\}$

$X = T^*P^1$

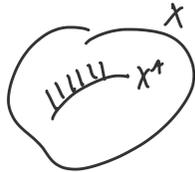
\downarrow

$X_0 = \mathcal{N}_{sl_2} = \text{Spec}(\Gamma(\mathcal{O}_{T^*P^1}))$

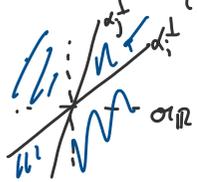
$$X_X(A) = \{ \sigma: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow A \mid \sigma \text{ cocharacter} \} = \mathbb{C}$$

$$\sigma_{\mathbb{R}} := X_X(A) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{R} \hookrightarrow \sigma$$

Def the torus roots of $A \curvearrowright X$
the weights $\{ \alpha_i \}$ appearing
in $A \curvearrowright N_{X^A}/X$



$$\alpha_i^{\perp} := \{ a \in \sigma_{\mathbb{R}} \mid \alpha_i(a) = 0 \} \subset \sigma_{\mathbb{R}} \text{ walls}$$



\mathcal{C} chambers are the connected
components of $\sigma_{\mathbb{R}} - (\cup \alpha_i^{\perp})$
 $= \sqcup \mathcal{C}$

Facts $\sigma, \sigma' \in \mathcal{C}, x \in X, z \in \pi_0(X^A)$

$$\text{Attr}_{\mathcal{C}}(z) = \{ x \in X \mid \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sigma(t)x \in z \} = \{ x \in X \mid \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sigma'(t)x \in z \}$$

$$x \in \text{Attr}_{\mathcal{C}}(z), \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sigma(t)x = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sigma'(t)x$$

Option 1 $\{ \sigma_1 \in \mathcal{C} \mid \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sigma_1(t)x = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sigma(t)x \}$
is closed and open. Exercise.

Fact: $\lim_{\mathcal{C}}: \text{Attr}_{\mathcal{C}}(z) \rightarrow z$ affine bundle
 $x \mapsto \lim_{\mathcal{C}} x$ T-equivariant.

$$A^N \times U \longrightarrow U \subset z$$

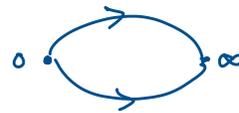
③ Order and full attracting loci

define partial order $\pi_0(X^A) \preceq_{\mathcal{C}}$
 $z' \preceq z$ if $\overline{\text{Attr}_{\mathcal{C}}(z)} \cap z' \neq \emptyset$

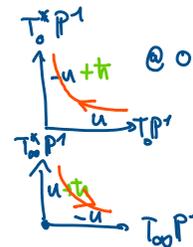
$$(T^*P^1)^A = \{0, \infty\}$$

torus roots $\{u, -u\}$

$$N_{X^A}/X|_0 = T_0 X$$



$$A = \mathbb{C}^*$$



$$\sigma_{\mathbb{R}} \longleftarrow \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \leftarrow \begin{array}{c} -u \\ e^- \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} u \\ e^+ \end{array} \rightarrow \end{array}$$

$$\text{Attr}_{e^+}(0) = P^1 \setminus \infty \quad \text{Attr}_{e^-}(0) = T_0^* P^1$$

$$\text{Attr}_{e^+}(\infty) = T_{\infty}^* P^1 \quad \text{Attr}_{e^-}(\infty) = P^1 \setminus 0$$

$$\text{Attr}_{e^+}^f(0) = P^1 \cup T_0^* P^1 \quad \text{Attr}_{e^-}^f = T_0^* P^1$$

$$\text{Attr}_{e^+}^f(\infty) = T_{\infty}^* P^1 \quad \text{Attr}_{e^-}^f = P^1 \cup T_{\infty}^* P^1$$

$$\text{Stab}_{e^+}: H_T(\{0, \infty\}) \longrightarrow H_T(T^*P^1)$$

$$z' \preceq z \text{ \& } z \preceq z' \Rightarrow z = z'$$

↑
uniqueness part in BB

Lemma $\text{Attr}_\rho^f(z) := \bigsqcup_{z' \preceq z} \text{Attr}_\rho(z')$ is closed.
full attracting locus of z

Proof uses properness of $\pi: X \rightarrow X_0$

④ Definition of stable envelopes!

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma \in H_T(X) \quad \gamma \subset X \text{ T-invariant, closed.} \\ \text{supp}(\gamma) \subset \gamma \quad \begin{cases} \nearrow \partial|_{X-\gamma} = 0 \\ \searrow \gamma \cap [X] = i_* \alpha \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

A-degree of $\gamma \in H_T(X^A)$

$$\begin{aligned} H_T(X^A) &= H_{T/A}(X^A) \otimes_{\mathbb{C}[t/\sigma]} \mathbb{C}[t] \\ &\cong H_{T/A}(X^A) \otimes_{\mathbb{C}[t/\sigma]} (\mathbb{C}[t/\sigma] \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} \mathbb{C}[\sigma]) \\ &\cong H_{T/A}(X^A) \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} \mathbb{C}[\sigma] \end{aligned}$$

$\mathbb{C}[t] = H_T(pt)$
 $\mathbb{C}[t/\sigma] \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} \mathbb{C}[\sigma] = H_{T/A}(pt)$

$$\text{deg}_* \gamma = \text{deg}(\alpha) \quad \delta_{T/A} \otimes \alpha$$

Polarization is a choice of sign for every $z \in \Pi_0(X^A)$
(depends on τ) $\text{sign}(z) \in \{\pm 1\}$

Theorem - Definition

for every chamber $\mathcal{C} \subset \sigma_{\mathbb{R}}$ (and every polarization sign)
there exists a unique $H_T(pt)$ -module homomorphism

$$\text{St}_\mathcal{C} : H_T(X^A) \longrightarrow H_+(X)$$

$$H_T(pt) \otimes H_T(pt) \otimes H_T(pt) \otimes \dots$$

$$\text{Stab}_{\rho^+}(0) = [P^1] + [T_\infty^* P^1]$$

$$\text{Stab}_{\rho^+}(\infty) = -[T_\infty^* P^1]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sign}(\infty) &= 1 \\ \text{sign}(0) &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$[P^1]_0 = e(N_{P^1/T^*P^1})|_0 = -u + t \quad (\text{by self-intro})$$

satisfies (i) \checkmark (ii) \checkmark

$$[P^1]_\infty = e(N_{P^1/T^*P^1})|_\infty = u + t \quad u \in \sigma_1$$

$\deg_A = 1 \geq 1$

$$[T_\infty^* P^1]_\infty = e^T(N_{T_\infty^* P^1/T^*P^1})|_\infty = -u$$

$$[T_\infty^* P^1] = i_{T_\infty^*}^* 1 = -u$$

$$\text{deg}_A(u + t - u) = 0$$

st. $\cup \text{supp}(y)$

$$\forall z \in \pi_0(X^\wedge) \quad \forall y \in H_{T/A}(z) \quad \Gamma := \text{Stab}_e(y)$$

satisfies (i) $\text{supp}(\Gamma) \subset \text{Attr}_e^f(z)$

(ii) $\Gamma|_z = (-1)^{\frac{\text{codim}(z)}{2}} \text{sign}(z) e^T(N_z^-) \cup y$

(iii) $\deg_A(\Gamma|_{z'}) < \frac{\text{codim}(z')}{2}$
for all $z' \prec z$

positive & negative weights w.r.t. \mathbb{C} .
 $N_z = N_z^+ \oplus N_z^-$
via $\omega \quad (N_z^+)^V = N_z^- \otimes \mathfrak{h} \in K_T(z)$

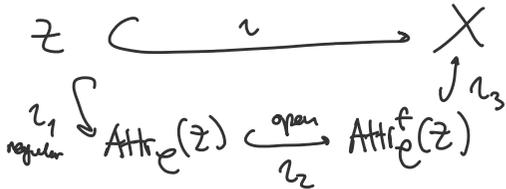
Pf of uniqueness Apply the following lemma $\Gamma - \Gamma'$

Lemma $y \in H_T(X) \quad \text{supp}(y) \subset \text{Attr}_e^f(z)$

st. $\deg_A(y|_{z'}) < \frac{\text{codim}(z')}{2} \quad \forall z' \in \pi_0(X^\wedge)$

$\Rightarrow y = 0$

Proof



$U \subset X$
open
 T -invariant
st. $U \cap \text{Attr}_e^f(z) = \text{Attr}_e(z)$

$\alpha \in H^{BM/T}(\text{Attr}_e^f(z))$

st. $y \cap [X] = \iota_3 \# \alpha$

take $U = X - (\text{Attr}_e^f - \text{Attr}_e)$

$\Rightarrow \iota^* y \cap [z] = \iota_1^* \iota_2^* \iota_3^* i_3^* \alpha$

$(= i_1^* \iota_2^* e(N_{\text{Attr}_e^f}) \cap i_1^* i_2^* \alpha)$

$= i_1^* e(N_{\text{Attr}_e}) \cap i_1^* \iota_2^* \alpha$

$= e(N_z^-) \cap i_1^* i_2^* \alpha$

N_z^- has nonzero Λ -weights $e(N_z^-) \cap$ is injective.

$$\deg_A(e(N_z^-)) = \frac{\text{codim}(z)}{2}$$

i_1 homotopy eq. $\Rightarrow \deg_A(e(N_z^-) \cap i_1^* i_2^* \alpha) \approx \frac{\text{codim}(z)}{2}$
if $i_2^* \alpha \neq 0$

$$\Rightarrow i_2^* \alpha = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{supp}(\alpha) \subset \text{Attr}_e^f(z) \setminus \text{Attr}_e(z)$$

induction using $\Leftarrow \Rightarrow \gamma = 0 \quad \square$